## **Cipla Deferasirox**

Active ingredients: Deferasirox (de FER a sir ox)

#### **Consumer Medicine Information**

This leaflet provides important information about using Cipla Deferasirox. You should also speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you would like further information or if you have any concerns or questions about using Cipla Deferasirox.

#### Where to find information in this leaflet:

1. Why am I using Cipla Deferasirox?

2. What should I know before I use Cipla Deferasirox?

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

4. How do I use Cipla Deferasirox?

5. What should I know while using Cipla Deferasirox?

6. Are there any side effects?

7. Product details

### 1. Why am I using Cipla Deferasirox?

### Cipla Deferasirox contains an active substance called

**deferasirox.** It is an iron chelator which is a medicine used to remove the excess iron from the body (also called iron overload). It traps to removes excess iron which is then excreted mainly in the stools.

Deferasirox attaches itself to the iron molecules to remove the excess iron from the body. This will help prevent iron-induced organ damage.

Cipla Deferasirox is used to treat a condition called iron overload, which happens when the body has too much iron. This can occur after repeated blood transfusions.

Cipla Deferasirox is also used to treat patients who have iron overload associated with their thalassemia syndromes, but who are not transfusion dependent. In patients with non-transfusiondependent thalassemia syndromes, iron overload may develop over time due to increased absorption of dietary iron in response to low blood cell counts.

Over time, this excess iron can damage important organs such as the liver and heart.

Ask your doctor if you have any questions about why this medicine has been prescribed for you.

Your doctor may have prescribed it for another reason.

# 2. What should I know before I use Cipla Deferasirox?

#### Warnings

Together with your doctor, you need to decide whether Cipla Deferasirox is right for you.